TRAVEL ADVISORY FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS,
VISITING SCHOLARS & EMPLOYEES

May 6, 2009

If you are planning to travel outside the U.S. during summer break, please read this travel advisory so that you will be less likely to have problems during your trip and when you return to the U.S.

The topics addressed in this advisory include:

- Departure Procedures for Individuals who are Subject to Special Registration
- Alert about U.S. Border Patrol Checks at Public Transportation Hubs
- New Passport Requirement for Citizens of Canada and Bermuda
- Advice about Domestic and International Travel
- Important Advice about Bringing Money into the U.S.
- Important Reminder about Your I-20 (for F-1 Students)
- Important Reminder about Your I-94 Card
- Important Reminder about Your Passport
- Things to Consider about Renewing your U.S. Visa

**Departure Procedures for Individuals who are Subject to Special Registration**

Individuals who are subject to Special Registration must notify Immigration & Customs Enforcement (ICE) when they leave the U.S. and may only leave through designated ports. In determining if you are subject to Special Registration, ask yourself these questions:

- Do I have an FIN number on my I-94 card?
- Was I was ever required to Special Register when I entered the U.S.?
- Was I ever required to report to the local USCIS office for Special Registration?

If you answered “yes” to any of these questions, then you are subject to Special Registration departure procedures, which means that you must notify Immigration & Customs Enforcement (ICE) when you leave the U.S. and may only leave through designated ports. If you don’t, you may be denied re-admission to the U.S. at a later date.

For further information about Special Registration, please consult:
www.ice.gov/pi/specialregistration/

**Alert about U.S. Border Patrol Checks at Public Transportation Hubs**

In the past two years, there has been a dramatic increase in activity by U.S. Border Patrol officers in and around public transportation hubs, such as bus and train stations within 100 miles of the U.S.-Canada border. Although Amtrak train stations and Greyhound bus stations in Rochester, Syracuse, Chicago, Detroit and other cities are not international border crossings, U.S. Border Patrol has legal jurisdiction in such
locations and may stop you to request proof of legal immigration status. These officers will usually wear green uniforms, but are sometimes not in uniform.

Please be reminded that you are required by law to carry your original I-94 card at all times. We also urge you to carry the following documents any time you are near an airport, train or intercity bus station and any time you travel outside Buffalo:

- Original passport
  AND
- I-20 (for F-1 students) OR DS-2019 (for J-1 students and scholars) OR I-797 approval notice (for H-1B employees).

* UB card + Proof of Full-time Enrollment (e.g. course schedule print-out with name on it) *(for students) Note: U.S. Border Patrol considers university ID cards as important evidence of student status. Since UB cards do not have dates on them, it is a good idea to carry a print-out of your course schedule as well.

If you cannot prove your immigration status, U.S. Border Patrol officers can detain you until they determine that you are in the U.S. legally. We do not want your trip to be delayed or, even worse, for you to end up in a detention facility so please carry your immigration documents when you travel!

If you receive discourteous treatment or incorrect information about your immigration status from a Border Patrol officer, you should note the officer’s name (it can be found on his/her name badge or you can ask the officer’s name) and contact International Student and Scholar Services, 210 Talbert Hall, North Campus (645-2258).

**New Passport Requirement for Citizens of Canada and Bermuda**

Beginning on June 1, 2009, citizens of Canada and Bermuda will be required to present a passport or acceptable alternative document when entering the U.S. The latter may include:

* Department of Homeland Security trusted traveler program card, such as a NEXUS, SENTRI or FAST program card
* An Enhanced Driver’s License (EDL). EDL’s are driver’s licenses that require applicants to provide proof of citizenship or immigration status. Currently, EDL’s are issued by some Canadian provinces.

For information about special groups (including children) and issues, please visit [www.dhs.gov/xprevprot/programs/gc_1200693579776.shtm](http://www.dhs.gov/xprevprot/programs/gc_1200693579776.shtm).

**Note:** U.S. Lawful Permanent Residents may continue to present their Form I-551 permanent resident card when entering the U.S.

**Advice about Domestic and International Travel**

If you will travel outside Buffalo during summer break, we advise you to carry the following documents with you. If you will travel outside the U.S., you must carry these documents with you.
* Valid passport
* Valid U.S. visa stamp with at least one remaining entry (for travel outside the U.S.)
  (Exception: travel to Canada, Mexico and Caribbean islands as explained at
  www.buffalo.edu/intlservices/traveltocanada.html)

In addition, you will need to carry the following:

**For F-1 Students**
- Valid I-20 with unexpired signature (dated within the past 12 months) of Designated
  School Official on Page 3 AND all previous I-20's (Note: If the DSO signature on Page 3
  will be less than one year old on the day you return to the U.S., you do not need a new
  signature. Also, if you have multiple I-20’s, bring all of them but only present your
  current I-20 initially.)
- Financial Documents showing ability to cover the costs of a U.S. education
- UB Card + Proof of Full-time Enrollment (e.g. course schedule print-out with name on
  it)

**For J-1 Students and Scholars**
- Valid DS-2019 with unexpired signature of (Alternate) Responsible Officer in the Travel
  Designation box on Page 1 AND all previous DS-2019’s
- Financial Documents showing ability to cover the costs of a U.S. education (for J-1
  students only)
- UB Card + Proof of Full-time Enrollment (e.g. course schedule print-out with name on
  it) (for J-1 students only)

**For Students on Optional Practical Training (OPT) or Academic Training (AT)**
- Valid I-20 with unexpired signature (not more than six months old) of Designated
  School Official on Page 3 AND all previous I-20’s + written job offer * + valid EAD card
  (for F-1 students on OPT) OR
- Valid DS-2019 with unexpired signature of (Alternate) Responsible Officer in the Travel
  Designation box on Page 1 AND all previous DS-2019’s + Letter authorizing Academic
  Training (for J-1 students on AT)
- A letter from your employer confirming your employment, your job description and the
  dates of your employment.
  Please note that, if you are near the end of your OPT or AT, you may have difficulty re-
  entering the U.S. for this purpose.

**For H-1B Employees**
- Valid H-1B Approval Notice (Form I-797)
- A letter from your employer confirming your employment, your responsibilities and the
  dates of your employment

**Important Advice about Bringing Money into the U.S.**

If you plan to bring money (e.g. cash, money order, certified check, travelers’ checks,
letter of credit) into the U.S., please note the following from the Customs & Border
Protection (CBP) website:

“Travelers leaving or entering the U.S. are required to report monetary
instruments (i.e. currency or checks) valued at $10,000 or more on a
"Report of International Transportation of Currency or Monetary
Instruments” form FinCEN 105” (available at www.fincen.gov/fin105_cmir.pdf or from a CBP officer). “Failure to declare currency in amounts over $10,000 can result in its seizure.”

Please Note:

- Do not assume that you can multiply $10,000 by the number of people in your group and bring that amount of money. The border officer will try to determine to whom the money really belongs. If s/he determines that it belongs to one person, s/he will seize it if the total amount exceeds $10,000.

- Never make false statements to a border officer about money or anything else. The penalty for making false statements to border officers is very severe, including a fine and up to two years of imprisonment.

- If you do not follow the above-mentioned advice and your money is seized, we advise you not to fill out any forms to request that the money be returned to you. To file a request that will be approved requires in-depth knowledge of the relevant regulations and the way that such requests are adjudicated. For these reasons, it is much better to hire an attorney.

**Important Reminder about Your I-20 (for F-1 Students)**

As you know, you cannot re-enter the U.S. (even from Canada) without a valid travel signature on page 3 of your I-20. Each travel signature is valid for one year. (Exception: If you are on OPT, you need to obtain a new travel signature every six months.) If your travel signature will expire before your return date, you must renew it or risk not being able to re-enter the U.S.

**Important Reminder about Your I-94 Card**

When you depart the U.S. for travel to Africa, Asia, Australia, Europe and Latin America (or Canada and Mexico for 30+ days), you should turn in your I-94 card at the airline counter or Port-of-Entry. If you neglect to turn in your I-94 card and are an F-1 student or J-1 Exchange Visitor, a flag will be placed on your SEVIS record and you will likely have difficulty when you re-enter the U.S.

**Important Reminder about Your Passport**

As you know, your passport must be valid at all times while you are in the U.S. and traveling outside the U.S. In addition, your passport must be valid for six months beyond the period of your intended stay in the U.S. unless your country of citizenship is one of the Six-Month Club countries.

Please check the “Six-Month Club” list at www.cbp.gov/linkhandler/cgov/travel/inspections_carriers_facilities/clp_bulletin_04162008.ctt/clp_bulletin_04162008.pdf. If your country of citizenship is not on this list, then check the expiration date on your passport. If you do not have six months beyond the
period of your intended stay, you should renew your passport before you return to the U.S. If you don’t renew your passport, you may be denied re-entry to the U.S.

**Things to Consider about Renewing Your U.S. Visa**

If you are planning to renew your U.S. visa during summer break, we recommend that you read “Applying for a Non-Immigrant Visa” at [www.buffalo.edu/intlservices/visa2.html](http://www.buffalo.edu/intlservices/visa2.html).

You should also consider whether or not you will have sufficient time to renew your U.S. visa during summer break. Due to background checks, mandatory visa interviews and scrutiny of individuals studying or doing research in “sensitive fields”, you may encounter delays in the processing of your visa application. **Note: Each semester, at least one UB student is delayed for months due to background checks so we urge you to consider this point carefully.**

If your field of study or research may be considered sensitive (ie. electrical engineering, computer science, biological science, urban planning, etc.), you should obtain a letter from your professor explaining in detail the nature of your studies or research. This letter should be written in simple language so it can be easily understood by non-specialists.

**Note:** H-1B employees may be able to avoid visa processing delays by contacting the U.S. Consulate ahead of time to see if your H-1B petition has been entered into the Petition Information Management System (PIMS).